## General instructions for the languages & scripts of Ancient Near East

For the transliteration of cuneiform characters, please use the system established in Rykle BORGER: *Assyrisch-babylonische Zeichenliste* and Christel RÜSTER – Erich NEU: *Hethitisches Zeichenlexikon*.

Following the standards of the *Journal of Cuneiform Studies* **Sumerian** words in English context should be set in lowercase, expanded text, not small caps. In addition, Sumerian laryngeal h should be without a rocker beneath, and nasal g should be set as  $\hat{g}$  or  $\tilde{g}$ , depending on the font used. **Akkadian** words in English context should be italicized. In case of **Anatolian** languages in cuneiform transmission Anatolian words should be italicized, Akkadograms should be set in italicized upper case, Sumerograms in upper case. Hieroglyphic Luwian words and citations should follow the standard transliteration system (cf. Annick PAYNE: *Hieroglyphic Luwian* [2nd ed.]). The transliteration applied to the letters of uncertain value in case of Anatolian languages in epichoric alphabetic transmission should be explained in the first note.

Standard abbreviations should follow the usage of *RlA*, *Orientalia*, *AHw*, *CAD* or *CHD*; any other abbreviations should be explained at the end of the article in a single alphabetically arranged list of abbreviations. When citing a specific text in an edition, abbreviated journal, book, or series titles (e.g. *JCS*, *JNES*, *MSL*, *OIP*, *OBO*, *RA*, *ZA*) should be italicized; catalog numbers (e.g. BM, K., RS, TuM) are set in roman. The submitting author should provide all used fonts with the submission.